There are places in the world that are wrapped in a halo of mystery and charm, and that act as powerful magnets. This is the case with the Lands of Lleida, which are also often referred to by the term “Pyrenees”, on account of them being located in western Catalonia.

On the outskirts of “Pyrenees” we find the rural districts of Les Garrigues, La Noguera, La Segarra, and the Plain. A wide range of sights, monuments, castles, monasteries, traditional crafts, beauty spots, gastronomy and settlement are among the many visitor attractions that make the Lands of Lleida an unforgettable experience.

Some route through the Lands of Lleida

Route A: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Kreutzwald - Hostalric - Lleida. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Terre de Verdú, as well as the 13th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan.

Route B: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route C: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route D: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route E: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route F: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route G: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route H: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route I: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route J: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route K: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.

Route L: Artesa de Segre - Ribes de Freser - Vall de Cardós - Puigcerdà. This route includes the Romanesque church of Sant Sebastià, the 12th century Castle of Bellpuig de les Garrigues, the 13th century church of Sant Domènec de Cardós, and the 16th century castle of Verdera in Tavascan, as well as the 13th century castle of Valldemenes in Puigcerdà.
LES GARRIGUES

La Garrigues is like a Catalan Paleozoic, with the olive trees across the landscape providing a sense of peace and magic, and giving it small village shape and newly bringing it to life. La Garrigues is an essentially agricultural comarca (rural district), whereas landscapes are determined by olive groves, which has grown to be one of the richest and most successful sources of income in times past. In this comarca, travelers will find olive oil, olive trees, and the rough landscapes typical of these zones. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner.

LA SEGARRA

La Segarra is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. In this comarca, travelers will find olive groves, olive trees, and the rough landscapes typical of these zones. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner. Walking alongside its tracks, you will see how the perfect harmony of the natural rock with the olive groves, vineyards, and villages is truly unique in each and every corner.

LA NOGUERA

La Noguera is a very large comarca and is mainly organized around the river Segre. Noguera Pallaresa and Noguera Ribagorçana. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty. La Noguera is a comarca with very impressive limits that connect the hilly landscape province with a vast plain and offer a great variety of relief and natural beauty.

L’URGELL

The comarca of L’Urgell is located right in the center of the western plains and spreads around the town of Tarragona, which is the local capital and main commercial center. History has taken form and come to life. This is the true symbol of this land, which claims to produce the finest vines, hermitages, villages and people. The local inhabitants receive visitors with open hearts and their welcome is always warm. This is the land of the Dry Mount, and its monuments of interest include the parish church of Sant Salvador in Torrebesses. Furthermore, it is important to mention the decorated facade of the Sant Pere Claver church of Alguaire; the whole town of Almenar; the monastery of Sant Pere de Cassà, whose landscapes are dominated by fruit trees. The olive tree has become the true symbol of this land, which claims to produce the finest vines, hermitages, villages and people. The local inhabitants receive visitors with open hearts and their welcome is always warm.

LA URQUILLA

One of the most important events to underline with reference to this comarca is the Festival del Salgar, which is held during the Feast of Corpus Christi and is a very popular event in the region.

EL SEGRIÀ

An old refrain says: “De Segrià, qui no en ve, hi ha”. (“Those who do not come from Segrià, there is no use in being here.”) This is the ideal way of viewing a visit to the Segrià comarca. But it should be explained that any visitor to this comarca will find places of interest that are especially attractive and will make the experience of visiting the Segrià comarca one of the best possible experiences. Before their friends and acquaintances, they will then tell them all about the wonderful places they have visited.

Lleida is the capital of this comarca. Tourists are encouraged to wander down Carrer Major (main street) and visit the Pla del Remei and La Plaça de la Ciutat (the City Hall), which together with La Plaça dels Sants (the Old Cathedral) is probably Lleida’s most emblematic building. Other places of interest include the churches of Sant Llorenç and Sant Iscle i Sant Llorenç (now a museum) and the former Hospital de Sants, which today plays host to the “Instituto de Estudios Lleidenses” (cultural centre), which is the only historical building left in this area, from this period.

The natural setting of the comarca of Lleida is formed by two great natural areas: the “Alta Ribagorça” (the high Pyrenees) and the “Serra de Llaberia” (the Montseny mountain range), which is made up of the “Serra de Llaberia” (the Montseny mountain range) and the “Garrotxa” (a mountainous area). The local inhabitants receive visitors with open hearts and their welcome is always warm.

The comarca of Lleida is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans. It is one of the most developed areas in the Catalan Pyreneans.

DISCOVER THE LANDS OF LLEIDA

Discover the Lands of Lleida

EL PLA D’URGELL

In 1968, the Parlement de Catalunya (Catalan Parliament) authorized the creation of the comarca called El Pla d’Urgell. One of the most important events to underline with reference to this comarca is the Festival del Salgar, which is held during the Feast of Corpus Christi and is a very popular event in the region.

The natural setting of the comarca of Lleida is formed by two great natural areas: the “Alta Ribagorça” (the high Pyrenees) and the “Serra de Llaberia” (the Montseny mountain range), which is made up of the “Serra de Llaberia” (the Montseny mountain range) and the “Garrotxa” (a mountainous area).

Man has settled these lands since time immemorial, and one of the most important phenomena is the existence of Iberic settlements; the beautiful Romanesque and Gothic churches of this area, and the family home of Saint Pere Claver, are all buildings that give this comarca a unique identity. Man has settled these lands since time immemorial, and one of the most important phenomena is the existence of Iberic settlements; the beautiful Romanesque and Gothic churches of this area, and the family home of Saint Pere Claver, are all buildings that give this comarca a unique identity. Man has settled these lands since time immemorial, and one of the most important phenomena is the existence of Iberic settlements; the beautiful Romanesque and Gothic churches of this area, and the family home of Saint Pere Claver, are all buildings that give this comarca a unique identity. Man has settled these lands since time immemorial, and one of the most important phenomena is the existence of Iberic settlements; the beautiful Romanesque and Gothic churches of this area, and the family home of Saint Pere Claver, are all buildings that give this comarca a unique identity.